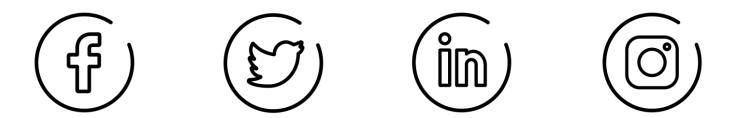
Note

Please feel free to photograph and share these slides on social media.





Xia Li Paul Scherrer Institut, ETH Zurich

Uncertainty-aware MR-based CT synthesis for robust proton therapy planning of skull-based tumour







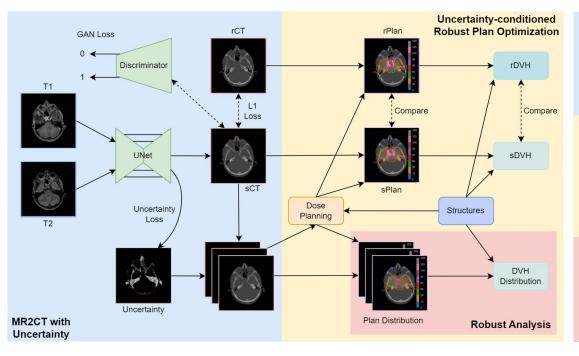




An Uncertainty-aware Framework for Robust MR-based Proton Therapy

ETH zürich

PAUL SCHERRER INSTITUT



MR2CT with Uncertainty

- Modified conditional GAN network
- Estimates both sCT and voxelwise uncertainty

Uncertainty-conditioned Robust Plan optimization

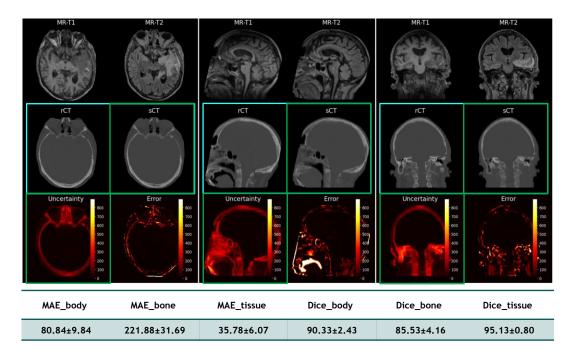
- Conditioned on voxel-wise uncertainty
- Account for network prediction errors

Robust Analysis

- Maximum-minimum doses
- Over- and Under-shoot cases

3

Generation of Synthetic CT with Uncertainty Map and Image-level Evaluation



Dataset

- 64 skull-based patients from PSI
- 8-fold cross validation

Network

- UNet structure
- Bayesian Neural Network
 - Per-voxel Laplacian distribution
 - Estimates the parameter [μ, β]

Evaluation

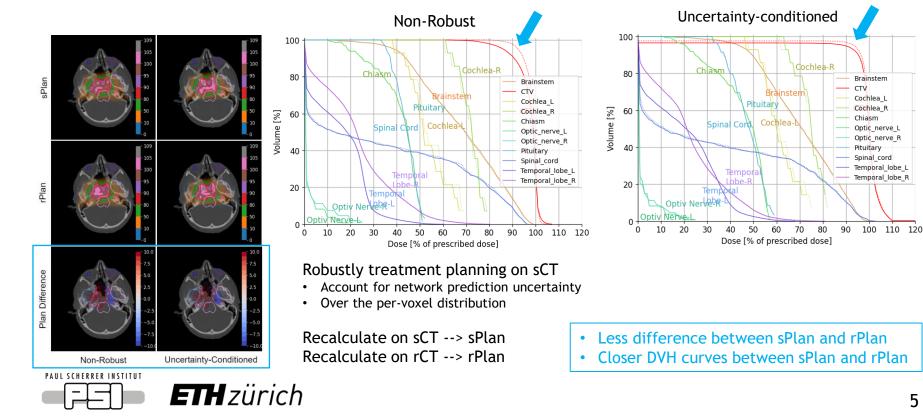
- MAE and Dice between sCT and rCT
- Correlation Coefficient between uncertainty and MAE: 0.62±0.01
 - Positively correlated

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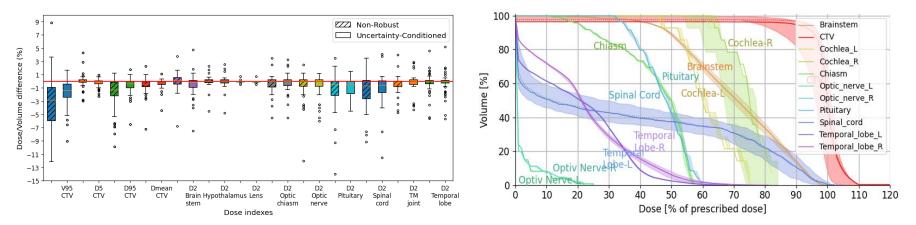




Uncertainty-aware Robust Optimization and Dosimetric-level Evaluation



Robust Analysis and Conclusion



Uncertainty-aware robust plan optimization achieves more conformal sPlan and rPlan

DVH distribution provides tool to analyze the robustness

- High-quality sCT generation from MR images with 3D uncertainty prediction
- Improved plan robustness against network prediction error by uncertainty-aware optimization
- Clinically acceptable accuracy (+/-3%) for proton therapy planning of skull-based tumour
- Powerful tools for determining the clinical usefulness of synthetic CTs for individual patients

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